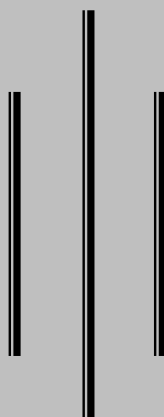


SOCIO-ECONOMIC CONDITION OF BAHING KIRANT COMMUNITY

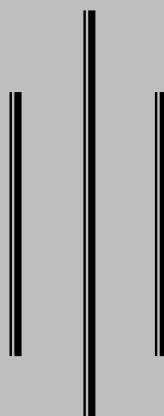
(A Case Study of Moli VDC, Okhaldhunga District)



**A Thesis Proposal Submitted to Central Department of Rural
Development**

Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences

**Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Award of Master of
Arts in Rural Development**



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This thesis entitled “**SOCIO-ECONOMIC CONDITION OF BAHING COMMUNITY**” (A case study of Moli VDC of Okhaldhunga District) has been prepared by **Mr. Mohan Raj Rai** under my supervision in partial fulfilment of requirements for Master Degree of Arts in Rural Development. I hereby recommend this thesis to the evaluation committee for approval.

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Firstly, I would like to thank my supervisor **Associate Prof. Mrs. Bindu Pokharel**, for valuable guidance, critical comments, helpful criticism, praise and lastly for a lot of your time without any pre-appointment. Thank you for allowing the freedom to learn from mistakes and for the suggestions that kept pulling me back on track. Your input has been extremely valuable and I have been lucky to work with you.

I would like to thank you to the Bahing Community members of Moli VDC, Okhaldhunga for their patience, cooperation, sincere hospitality, and willingness to share openly their lives and experiences with Socio-Economic condition on this emerging issue. There are many people who have helped me in countless different ways throughout this thesis; many of you may not realize just how much influence you have had. Similarly, I would like to thank the member of University Central Library for supporting relevant materials. I am very grateful to my **External Supervisor Associate Prof. Dr. Uma Kanta Silwaal** for valuable evaluation.

I would like to thank all the people that provided me with their valuable insight, either knowingly or unknowingly, and provided contributions to this study in a variety of different ways, including **Lila Dhoj Thapa** for valuable guidance, **Yamuna Thulung Rai** (for computer support), **Yadhav Prasad Bhattarai**, **Arjun Anjan Ghimire**, **Budha Raj Bahing**, **Dhan Bahadur Rai**, **Shanta Kumari Thulung Rai**, **Shanti Ram Duflocha**, **Kamala Rai**, **Jaya Raj Duflocha**, **Gunaraj Duflocha**, **Shyam Karna Duflocha** and **Jamuna Sister and Devraj Duflocha**, **Abina Sustocha Bahing** and **Meghnat Bastola**.

Special thanks are extended to the fellow graduate students especially: **Nagendra Rai**, **Buddhi Bahadur Rai**, **Nripa Chandra Dumi**, **C.B. Wambule**, **Renuka Dumi**, **Madhav Khapangi Magar**, **Direndra Rumdali** and **Lok Bahadur Moktan (Tamang)** who has become my friends over the past years, providing brain-storming, encouragement, and support. Every moment I spent with you guys will never be forgotten. I take privilege to express my deep

honour to my family: father **Mr. Shiva Prasad Duflocha Rai and mother Mrs. Bhayama Tolami Rai** and brothers and sisters for their great affection, constant inspiration and moral and financial support when I have needed it most. I have not seen them in past few years but heard from them regularly, all your support has been fantastic. I am indebted to **Mr Saran Jit Rai**, Headmaster at Shree Kalika Secondary School Moli Danda, for accompanying me daily while collecting data. **Dilip Kumar Rumdali**, Headmaster at Shree Janajoti Primari School Moli Gaun-2, **Hemraj Rai** Headmaster at Mahankal Primary School at Khata (Jere) -7, **Shiva Raj Rai** teacher at Kadeni Secondary school, **Suvas Chandra Rai, Bhagi Maya Ale, Deepa Rai, Ashok Kumar Rai, Prem Kumari Ale, Bharat Kumar Katwal, Prem Bahadur Bogati, Raj Kumar Rumdali, Dipendra Rumdali, Gyanendra Rumdali, Tika Bahadur Rumdali Sujan Rumdali and Dambar Kumari Rumdali** for assisting me to derive key information about various aspects of my study.

I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to my parents for supporting me to reach up to this academic level in every way. I never forget the immense support of my life partner **Mrs Shanta Kumari Thulung Rai** and Other relatives.

Finally, the words can hardly acknowledge the support from my relatives as well as friends for their financial support as well as encouragement, guidance even far from this country.

Above all I humbly pay my gratitude to the Almighty who always showed me the right direction and showered His merciful blessings upon me.

Date: 2 August, 2011

ABSTRACT

This study deals with socio-economic condition of Bahing Community in Moli VDC of Okhaldhunga District. The main objectives of the study is to analyse the nature of socio-economic condition in Bahing Community in the study area. The primary data are collected from the census method of total household of Bahing Community in Moli VDC and respondents are taken 167 households of ward no. 2,3,7 and 8. These households have been considered as targeted groups. It is descriptive type of study based on primary data.

Low socio-economic condition is the characteristic of developing country like Nepal which adversely affects in the national development. Increased urbanization and globalization pushed the rural areas even worse condition by minimizing the value and cost of the production from area. Socio-economic condition measures the main nature of socio-economic condition that affects in the daily lifestyle of people. The impact of low socio-economic condition on any community is worldwide and burning issues but the trend and level of these issues is different between developed and developing countries.

In the particular context in Moli VDC of Okhaldhunga District is the main socio-economic condition which is the prime concern of the study of Bahing Community. The economic condition of Bahing community in Moli VDC (2,3,7 and 8) is really so poor but some of them are in rich condition because of cash crops. The overall population of the study area indicates the medium level of economic conditions which causes the poor household also disappear in that average. The study argues that Bahing Community does not have access on education, politics, health service etc. Therefore, it is very necessary to uplift the particular community in different aspects. Socially and economically they do not have access as a result, they are in poor condition.

The socio-economic aspect is major part of livelihood in every community. Only economic upliftment is not sufficient for human life but also social dignity is necessary in the same level. The rural development is not possible until and unless the both aspects are equally addressed. So the Bahing Community are needed the opportunity for entire development from government and non-government side as well as private sector

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